BaylorScott&White Health Plan	MEDICAL COVERAGE POLICY SERVICE: Cold Therapy Devices
BaylorScott&White Insurance Company	Policy Number: 035
Scott&White	Effective Date: 02/01/2025
	Last Review: 01/13/2025
RIGHTCARE HEALTH PLANS PART OF BAYLOR SCOTT & WHITE HEALTH	Next Review: 01/13/2026

Important note: Unless otherwise indicated, medical policies will apply to all lines of business.

Medical necessity as defined by this policy does not ensure the benefit is covered. This medical policy does not replace existing federal or state rules and regulations for the applicable service or supply. In the absence of a controlling federal or state coverage mandate, benefits are ultimately determined by the terms of the applicable benefit plan documents. See the member plan specific benefit plan document for a complete description of plan benefits, exclusions, limitations, and conditions of coverage. In the event of a discrepancy, the plan document always supersedes the information in this policy.

SERVICE: Cold Therapy Devices

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION: Not applicable.

POLICY: Please review the plan's EOC (Evidence of Coverage) or Summary Plan Description (SPD) for coverage details.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated (see below), this policy will apply to all lines of business.

For Medicare plans, please refer to appropriate Medicare NCD (National Coverage Determination) or LCD (Local Coverage Determination) <u>L33735 - Cold Therapy</u>. Medicare NCD or LCD specific InterQual criteria may be used when available. If there are no applicable NCD or LCD criteria, use the criteria set forth below.

For Medicaid plans, please confirm coverage as outlined in the <u>Texas Medicaid Provider Procedures</u> <u>Manual | TMHP</u> (TMPPM). If there are no applicable criteria to guide medical necessity decision making in the TMPPM, use the criteria set forth below.

BSWHP considers the use of cryogenic machines NOT medically necessary. These devices which can range from insulated blankets to water circulating cold pads (i.e., Polar Care Cold Therapy), or cold packs (ice, gel, chemical, etc.), or vaso-pneumatic cryotherapy devices (e.g., Game Ready[™] which delivers active compression and cold therapy and runs on AC power or optional battery pack) are alternative methods of delivery of cold therapy. Therapy administered with these devices has not been proven to be any more efficacious than traditional delivery of cold therapy and are considered items of convenience and therefore are not medically necessary.

BACKGROUND:

Cryotherapy, or cold therapy, is the therapeutic application of cold temperatures. Its purpose is to promote vasoconstriction and to relieve edema, inflammation, and reduce pain.

Cold therapy can be applied in a number of settings, including:

- Post-operative (e.g., after total knee replacement or hip arthroplasty or anterior cruciate ligament repair), or
- At home, immediately following injury, or exercise



- In the rehab setting following physical therapy sessions, or
- In athletic facilities for post exercise recovery (cold immersion)

Cold therapy can be delivered in a number of ways, including, ice packs, cold compresses, coolant sprays, ice baths, or specialized cold therapy devices. Cold therapy devices generally include a cooler or reservoir that is filled with iced water and a cuff or wrap. Non-circulating devices use gravity or a hand pump to move this water to the cooling pad; while circulating devices, a motorized pump circulates the cold water.

Cooling Devices Cleared by the US Food and Drug Administration

Device	Manufacturer	Date Cleared
Armory Motion	Pain Management Technologies, Inc.	06/10/2022
Ice Compression First, Duo, & Moove Systems	MksParis	1/11/2021
Game Ready GRPro 2.1 System	Cool Systems, Inc (Dba Game Ready)	10/29/2019
Polar Care Wave	Breg Inc	03/01/2019
Therm-X, Therm-X At, Therm-X Pro Ath	Zenith Technical Innovations	5/10/2019 08/03/2018
Med4 Elite	Cool Systems, Inc (DBA Game Ready)	09/29/2017
Nice1	Nice Recovery Systems, LLC	12/23/2014
Dynatron Peltier Thermostim Probe	Dynatronics Corp.	01/24/2014

Cold therapy, particularly post-operative cold therapy, is a standard treatment modality which can be provided by a variety of methods. Clinical trials have not demonstrated superior health benefits of any methods compared to simple cold compresses.

Water circulating cold pads or a cryogenic machine attached to an insulated disposable blanket or similar products are primarily used for patient convenience, since the same outcome can be achieved with over-the-counter cold packs.

Cold packs are not considered DME and can be purchased over the counter without a prescription.

MANDATES: None



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CODES: Important note:

CODES: Due to the wide range of applicable diagnosis codes and potential changes to codes, an inclusive list may not be presented, but the following codes may apply. Inclusion of a code in this section does not guarantee that it will be reimbursed, and patient must meet the criteria set forth in the policy language.

CPT Codes	
CPT Not Covered	
ICD-10 codes	
ICD-10 Not covered	
HCPCS Codes Not covered	E0218

POLICY HISTORY:

Status	Date	Action
New	12/6/2010	New policy
Reviewed	12/6/2011	Reviewed.
Reviewed	10/5/2012	Reviewed with minor revisions.
Reviewed	10/3/2013	No changes
Reviewed	07/24/2014	No changes
Reviewed	08/11/2015	No changes
Reviewed	08/18/2016	No changes
Reviewed	08/08/2017	Updated HCPCS codes and references
Reviewed	05/29/2018	No changes
Reviewed	08/22/2019	No changes
Reviewed	09/24/2020	Re-formatted for SWHP/FirstCare
Reviewed	09/23/2021	No changes
Reviewed	09/22/2022	No changes
Reviewed	11/29/2023	Formatting changes and added hyperlinks to NCD and TMPPM, beginning and ending note sections updated to align with CMS requirements and business entity changes
Reviewed	03/11/2024	Corrected the "For Medicaid Plans" section to utilize this Medical Policy if TMPPM does not have medical necessity guidance.
Reviewed	01/13/2025	Added table of FDA cleared devices. Updated and revised language and references. Ending note section updated to align with business entity changes.



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REFERENCES:

The following scientific references were utilized in the formulation of this medical policy. BSWHP will continue to review clinical evidence related to this policy and may modify it at a later date based upon the evolution of the published clinical evidence. Should additional scientific studies become available, and they are not included in the list, please forward the reference(s) to BSWHP so the information can be reviewed by the Medical Coverage Policy Committee (MCPC) and the Quality Improvement Committee (QIC) to determine if a modification of the policy is in order.

- 1. Daniel, D.M., Stone, M.L., et al. The effect of cold therapy on pain, swelling, and range of motion after anterior cruciate ligament reconstructive surgery. Arthroscopy (1994 October) 10(5): 530-3.
- Leutz, D.W., H. Harris. Continuous cold therapy in total knee arthroplasty. American Journal of Knee Surgery (1995 Fall) 8(4): 121-3.
- 3. American Journal of Orthopedics (1995 November) 24(11): 847-52.
- 4. Konrath, G.A., T. Lock.: The use of cold therapy after anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction. The American Journal of Sports Medicine (1996 September-October) 24(5): 629-33.
- 5. Konrath, G.A., T. Lock. The use of cold therapy in the post-operative management of patients undergoing arthroscopic anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction The American Journal of Sports Medicine (1996 March-April) 24(2): 193-5.
- 6. Barber, F.A., McGuire, D.A., et al. Continuous flow cold therapy for outpatient anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction. Arthroscopy (1998 March) 14(2): 130-5.
- 7. Palmetto GBA, DMERC, Medical Policy: Cold Therapy. (2003 Spring) Revision, 1-6.
- 8. Airaksinen, O.V., Kyeklund, N., et al. Efficacy of cold gel for soft tissue injuries: a prospective randomized double-blinded trial. American Journal of Sports Medicine (2003 September-October) 31(5): 680-4.
- 9. Block, Jon E.: Cold and compression in the management of musculoskeletal injuries and orthopedic operative procedures: a narrative review. Open Access J Sports Med. 2010: 1: 105-113. Published online 2010 Jul 7.
- 10. Kuyucu, Ersin et al. "Is Cold Therapy Really Efficient after Knee Arthroplasty?" Annals of Medicine and Surgery 4.4 (2015): 475–478. PMC. Web. 21 July 2017.
- 11. Su EP, Perna M, Boettner F, et al. A prospective, multi-center, randomised trial to evaluate the efficacy of a cryopneumatic device on total knee arthroplasty recovery. J Bone Joint Surg Br. 2012;94(11 Suppl A):153-156.
- 12. Bech M, Moorhen J, Cho M, Lavergne MR, Stothers K, Hoens AM. Device or ice: the effect of consistent cooling using a device compared with intermittent cooling using an ice bag after total knee arthroplasty. Physiother Can. 2015;67(1):48-55.

Note:

Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) products are offered through Scott and White Health Plan dba Baylor Scott & White Health Plan, and Scott & White Care Plans dba Baylor Scott & White Care Plan. Insured PPO and EPO products are offered through Baylor Scott & White Insurance Company. Scott and White Health Plan dba Baylor Scott & White Health Plan serves as a third-party administrator for self-funded employer-sponsored plans. Baylor Scott & White Care Plan and Baylor Scott & White Insurance Company are wholly owned subsidiaries of Scott and White Health Plan. These companies are referred to collectively in this document as Baylor Scott & White Health Plan.

RightCare STAR Medicaid is offered through Scott and White Health Plan in the Central Texas Medicaid Rural Service Area (MRSA); FirstCare STAR is offered through SHA LLC dba FirstCare Health Plans (FirstCare) in the Lubbock and West MRSAs; and FirstCare CHIP is offered through FirstCare in the Lubbock Service Area.